## CRITICAL PERIODS IN A DOG'S LIFE - DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES

|  | Puppy is with mother and littermates. During this period, the puppy learns about social interaction, play, and inhibiting aggression* from mother and littermates.   |
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| <b>0 to 7 Weeks</b><br>Neonatal, Transition,<br>Awareness, and<br>Canine Socialization | Puppies must stay with their mother and littermates during this critical period. Puppies learn the most important lesson in their livesthey learn to accept discipline.  |
|  | *Note: Some lines of dogs don't begin to get incisors until about 7 weeks,<br>so this time period may last two additional weeks in those dogsone can't<br>learn to inhibit his bite if he has no teeth.  |
|  | The puppy now has the brain waves of an adult dog, but his attention span is short.<br>This period is when the most rapid learning occurs.   |
| <b>7 to 12 Weeks</b><br>Human Socialization<br>Period                                  | Learning at this age is permanent so this is a perfect time to start training.   |
|  | Also, this is the ideal time to introduce the puppy to things that will play an important part in his life. Introduce the puppy to different people, places, animals, and sounds in a positive, non-threatening way.   |
|  | Avoid frightening the puppy during this period.  |
| <b>8 to 11 Weeks</b><br>Fear Imprint Period  | Any traumatic, frightening or painful experience will have a more lasting effect on the puppy than if it occurred at any other time in its life. Avoid any elective surgery* at this time.   |
|  | We find that the fear period usually occurs in our dogs around 7-8 weeks.  |
|  | Puppy cuts teeth and apron strings! Puppy begins testing who is going to be a pack leader.   |
| <b>13 to 16 Weeks</b><br>Seniority<br>Classification Period                            | You must discourage* any and all biting because such biting is a sign of dominance!  |
| or<br>The Age of Cutting   | It is important that you are a strong and consistent leader. Formal training must begin. Such training will help you establish your leadership. *Note: A quick pinch of the puppy's lip while staring him in the eye and hollering in his face works well in most puppies and divert the biting to a toy rather than human flesh/clothing. |
|  | The puppy may wander and ignore you. It is very important that you keep<br>the puppy on a leash at this time! The way that you handle the puppy at<br>this time determines if the puppy will come to you when called.  |
| <b>4 to 8 Months</b><br>Play Instinct Period<br>Flight Instinct Period                 | At about 4-1/2 months, the puppy loses his milk teeth and gets his adult teeth.  |
|  | That's when the puppy begins serious chewing! A dog's teeth don't set in his jaw until between 6 and 10 months. During this time, the puppy has a physical need to exercise his mouth by chewing.  |
| <b>6 to 14 Months</b><br>Second Fear Imprint<br>Period or                              | Dog again shows fear of new situations and even familiar situations. Dog may be reluctant to approach someone or something new. It is important that you are patient and act very matter of fact in these situations.  |

| Situations Period                      | Never force the dog to face the situation.<br><b>DO NOT pet the frightened puppy or talk in soothing tones.</b><br>The puppy will interpret such responses as praise for being frightened.<br>Training will help improve the dog's confidence.<br>We suggest Neuter or spay the dog now. |
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| <b>1 to 4 Years</b><br>Maturity Period | You may encounter increased aggression and renewed testing for dominance. Continue to train your dog during this period.   |